

REPORT Meeting Date: 2017-06-22 Regional Council

DATE: June 8, 2017

REPORT TITLE: PROPOSED CHANGES TO THE VACANT UNIT REBATE PROGRAM

FOR COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL PROPERTIES

FROM: Stephen VanOfwegen, Commissioner of Finance and Chief Financial

Officer

RECOMMENDATION

That the Commissioner of Finance and Chief Financial Officer be authorized to submit to the Ontario Ministry of Finance by July 1, 2017, a request for regulatory authority to phase out the current Vacant Unit Rebate program in the Region of Peel by 2020 as follows:

- For the 2017 tax year (applications received by February 28, 2018), the current rebate of 30% continue to be available;
- For the 2018 tax year (applications received by February 28, 2019), the rebate be reduced to 20%:
- For the 2019 tax year (applications received by February 28, 2020), the rebate be reduced to 10%; and
- For the 2020 tax year, the rebate is discontinued;

And further, that the subject request include regulatory authority to add the following eligibility criteria, beginning with the 2017 tax year to the current Vacant Unit Rebate program in the Region of Peel:

- An eligible vacant unit must not include any non-permanent structures and must not be used for any form of storage;
- A property / unit / delineated area will no longer be eligible if a vacant unit rebate has been provided in the last three consecutive years;
- Storage units, hotels, fuel storage tanks, gravel pits, a business closed due to strike or lockout and fixturing period will no longer be eligible; and
- Additional supporting documentation must be received within 30 days from the mailing date of the Notice that is sent for applications with incomplete information or the application will be considered void;

And further, that upon regulatory authority the 2017 Vacant Unit Rebate program be updated to reflect the changes to the program prior to the processing of 2017 vacant unit rebate applications.

REPORT HIGHLIGHTS

- In 2015, the Province initiated a review of both the Vacant Unit Rebate and the Vacant Land / Excess Land Sub-class Reduction programs for commercial and industrial properties with municipal and business stakeholders.
- As a result of this review, the 2016 Ontario Economic Outlook and Fiscal Review included legislative changes to provide municipalities with broad flexibility to tailor these programs to meet community needs.
- To support the implementation of changes to the vacant unit rebate and reduction programs, the Province has outlined a business community engagement process.
- The province will be implementing changes to these programs through regulation as requested by upper-tier and single-tier municipalities.
- For program changes being initiated for the 2017 taxation year, upper-tier and singletier municipalities have until July 1, 2017 to notify the Minister of Finance of their intent to utilize this flexibility and provide details of the proposed changes along with a council resolution.
- In order to encourage infill development, reduce vacancies and promote equity amongst taxpayers, a phase-out plan to end the vacant unit rebate program by 2020 and eligibility changes beginning in 2017 are being proposed for the Region of Peel.
- 2017 Regional costs are budgeted at \$2.6 million; re-investment of the savings from the phase-out of the vacant unit rebate would be reviewed during the annual budget process.
- Since the vacant unit rebate is thought by some to be a deterrent to vibrant communities with the number of buildings left vacant, by eliminating the rebate it may encourage more creative ways of filling the vacancies leading to a more vibrant, healthy community.

DISCUSSION

1. Background

The Mandatory vacant unit tax rebate was introduced in 1998 with the provincial change to Current Value Assessment (CVA) taxation. As a result of the legislative changes and assessment reform, all commercial and industrial properties were assessed and taxed at the same rate as other properties within the same property class regardless of whether the building was occupied. Owners of commercial and industrial properties expressed their concern relating to the property tax increases resulting from the assessment reform to the Province and in response the province introduced the vacant unit tax rebate provision.

The tax rebate is through annual application by property owners in the commercial and industrial class. The program provides a rebate of 30 percent for commercial properties and 35 percent for industrial properties; upper-tier municipalities can establish a single uniform rate, which the Region of Peel has opted to do at 30 percent for both property classes. The program is administered by the lower-tier municipalities within the prescribed parameters as set out in Section 364 of the *Municipal Act, 2001*, and requires verification of the eligibility criteria for each application. Eligibility criteria can be very difficult to administer and confirm. Applications are received in the year following the year to which the rebate applies. A vacancy may have occurred in the early part of the year and subsequently been occupied requiring staff to rely on the applicant's disclosure and third party confirmation with tenants

where possible to verify the vacancy. The nature of some vacancies due to the operation of some businesses also creates difficulties in verifying the eligibility.

In addition within the commercial and industrial property classes are sub-classes for vacant and excess land, this relates to commercial and industrial properties assessed by the Municipal Property Assessment Corporation (MPAC) as land without buildings/structures; land not needed to support business. Section 313 of the *Municipal Act, 2001* states that the tax rates for these sub-classes will be discounted. Current legislation also provides for discount percentages of 30 percent for commercial sub-classes and 35 percent for industrial sub-classes or for municipalities to set a uniform discount rate between 30 and 35 percent, which the Region of Peel has also opted to do at 30 percent for both property classes.

In 2015, the Province initiated a review of both the Vacant Unit Rebate and the Vacant Land / Excess Land Sub-class Reduction programs with municipal and business stakeholders. This review was initiated in response to municipal concerns regarding the appropriateness of the tax rebate and any unintended impact it may have to the local economy. Through municipal information, reported in the Provincial Financial Information Return (FIR), the value of the vacant unit rebate varies from year to year but has generally been increasing and has nearly doubled between 2008 (\$32.1 million) and 2014 (\$60.1 million). As a result of this review, the 2016 Ontario Economic Outlook and Fiscal Review included legislative changes to provide municipalities with broad flexibility to tailor these programs to meet community needs.

Potential changes to the programs include:

- Adjusting the percentage of rebate / reduction (including a full removal)
- Enhancing or refining eligibility requirements for the rebate
- Refining administrative policies / procedures

The Region's current review focusses on the vacant unit rebate program and does not include a review of the discount factors for vacant land /excess land for commercial and industrial properties. Adjusting the discount factors for the vacant land /excess land subclasses does not impact the overall tax levy collected. Any reduction to the discount factors would shift the relative tax burden on to the commercial and industrial vacant land / excess land sub-classes and away from the other property classes. This may be reviewed at a later date in context with other policy initiatives that could benefit from a change to the property tax treatment of these sub-classes.

To support the implementation of changes to the vacant unit rebate and reduction programs, the Province has outlined a business community engagement process.

The province will be implementing changes to these programs through regulation as requested by upper-tier and single-tier municipalities. For program changes being initiated for the 2017 taxation year, upper-tier and single-tier municipalities have until July 1, 2017 to notify the Minister of Finance of their intent to utilize this flexibility and provide details of the proposed changes along with a council resolution.

The following resolution was approved by Regional Council on April 13, 2017:

Resolution 2017-304

And further, that the Region of Peel, in collaboration with the Cities of Brampton and Mississauga and the Town of Caledon, host a public consultation process to further engage and seek input from the local business community regarding the appropriateness of the Vacant Unit Rebate and Vacant/Excess Land Subclasses Programs.

This report details the proposed changes to the vacant unit rebate program and of the consultation with the business community.

2. Findings

Regional and local municipal tax staff have met several times to review current vacant unit rebate program and discuss proposed changes. Information considered as part of this review included:

- The rebate is a benefit to the business community that is borne mainly by the residential class;
- Landlords of both single and multi-unit residential properties are not entitled to a rebate when their property is vacant;
- MPAC factors a vacancy allowance, chronic vacancy and/or reduced income and obsolescence (unused/unfit areas) due to vacant space into assessment values for those classes already;
- As the vacancy is built into the assessment value, the ability to then apply for tax relief results in property owners benefiting from two types of tax relief for vacant space.
- These types of valuation adjustments are most often targeted during the property assessment appeal process;
- The program impedes landlords from accepting requests for short term or seasonal revenue generating uses;
- Although difficult to demonstrate, there is a belief that the program discourages the leasing of some vacant properties or to improve vacant buildings that are in need of repair; and
- The administration / staff costs of maintaining this program, staff must complete a review and verification of each application and supporting documentation.

Regional staff with support from local municipal staff conducted consultation meetings with representatives from the business community. Three meetings were held during the first week in May, one located in each local municipality. Meeting dates and locations were provided through a news release and included in a news story on the Region's website, invitations were also sent to identified representatives of the business community. Local municipal Economic Development staff also attended these meetings. The news release and story on the Region's website also contained an on-line questionnaire form for additional feedback from interested parties. A presentation was given at the meetings summarizing the current program, costs and proposed changes, followed by an open discussion for comments, questions and other feedback. Attendance at the meetings was minimal, below the number that had expressed an interest in attending, with the discussion including a mixed reaction to the proposed changes. Regional staff received an email from one of the participants thanking them for hosting the consultation meetings and noted that staff had been receptive, patient and extremely helpful.

The on-line questionnaire requested responses to the following questions:

- Do you benefit from a tax reduction for a vacant unit or vacant land?
- How important is a tax reduction for vacant units or vacant land in your business plan?
- What impact would a discontinuation of the vacant unit rebate or vacant land tax reduction have on your business plan?
- Is there anything else you would like to tell us about that would provide direction moving forward?

The number of responses to the on-line questionnaire was also minimal. Below is a summary of the key comments received during the meetings and from the questionnaire.

- Vacancy rebates encourage absentee landlords and vacant storefronts. There
 can't be growth if buildings are vacant.
- The vacant unit rebate is highly administrative and costs are being largely borne by the residential class.
- It's about fairness. Investors in land, buildings, and units should pay the same tax rate whether occupied or not. Encouraging empty spaces to be filled might help lower existing small business tax burdens or at least prevent a future increase. When everyone is on the same playing field, everyone has a better chance to prosper and so to, it's community.
- Potential tenants such as non-profit agencies find it difficult to rent as it is more profitable to leave properties vacant than rent at a reduced rate.
- The elimination of the vacant unit rebate does not support economic growth, business development and attracting new businesses.
- The vacant unit rebate allows some costs to be offset when declining lower quality tenants, enabling the unit to remain vacant until a quality tenant is found.
 Removing the rebate will make it more challenging to be selective, which will have a negative impact on the community.
- The loss of anchor tenants can result in chronic vacancies as this can cause chain departures of other tenants making it difficult to attract new lessees.
- Operational costs are still incurred by the landlord when a tenant leaves, the rebate helps to mitigate losses to landlords.
- MPAC's vacancy adjustment is a long and complex process and does not always translate to lowered assessment values.
- The elimination of the Business Occupancy Tax (paid by tenants) created an increase in taxes for commercial and industrial property owners. The vacant unit rebate was introduced to mitigate this increased tax burden. Eliminating the rebate program is sending a negative message to the business community.

Regional staff have also conducted a jurisdictional scan of surrounding municipalities to determine the uptake of the provincial flexibility allowing changes to the vacancy rebate programs, the type of changes being proposed and the potential reinvestment of the municipal savings. The uptake has been varied with some municipalities opting to submit changes to the Province by the July 1, 2017 deadline for implementation for the 2017 taxation year, while other have opted for a slower approach and plan to submit changes for the 2018 taxation year. Of the municipalities that have opted to submit changes this year, the proposed changes include immediate elimination of the program or some form of

program phase-out, some also include eligibility changes. Details of the jurisdictional scan are provided in Appendix I to this report.

Staff also reviewed the historical costs of providing this rebate and the frequency of applications. It was determined that approximately 35 percent of the applications received in the Region in 2016 had qualified for a vacant unit rebate in at least the last three consecutive years.

As shown in the table below, the total costs of the vacant unit rebate program for the Region of Peel since 2010 (applications for the 2009 taxation year) have ranged between \$9.7 million and \$11.2 million, which is a significant increase over the costs prior to 2010. Also shown in this table is the number of applications received and approved for the rebate. Details by local municipality are provided in Appendix II to this report.

Region of Peel Historical Vacant Unit Rebate

			R	egion of Pee	I			
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Applications	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#
Received	775	912	1,041	1,123	1,317	1,204	1,353	1,155
Approved	651	849	942	989	1,231	1,137	1,174	1,052
Rebate Cost	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Education	3,692,849	5,385,792	6,094,207	5,904,066	5,768,613	5,753,279	5,217,279	5,080,993
Local	1,103,944	1,771,982	2,096,629	2,171,041	2,217,770	2,267,724	2,203,861	2,202,688
Region	1,627,929	2,560,440	3,036,856	3,044,270	2,925,340	2,916,005	2,668,803	2,606,694
BIA	9,603	9,843	7,320	6,976	11,161	16,069	19,050	16,697
Total	6,434,325	9,728,057	11,235,013	11,126,352	10,922,884	10,953,077	10,108,994	9,907,071

Note: Annual amounts relate to the previous taxation year (i.e. 2010 cost relates to 2009 taxation)

One item to note is that a property that is under repair or renovation that prevents the normal use of the land for a period of at least three months during the year, the property would be eligible for a tax reduction under Section 357 (g) of the *Municipal Act*, 2001.

3. Proposed Direction

Based on the review of the program with local municipal tax staff, outcomes of the consultation meetings and responses to the on-line questionnaire, staff are recommending that the vacant unit rebate program be phased-out and that the program eligibility and application process be adjusted as detailed below. The elimination of the vacant unit rebate also supports the Region's Strategic Plan and Region Official Plan policies to promote economic sustainability and future investments in Peel by discouraging properties being left vacant.

Proposed Changes

A gradual phase out of the vacancy rebate program by 2020:

- 2017 current rebate of 30% with some eligibility changes
- 2018 rebate of 20%, same eligibility as 2017

- 2019 rebate of 10%, same eligibility as 2017
- 2020 rebate of 0%, program ended

Eligibility / Process Changes to be introduced for 2017:

- An eligible vacant unit must not include any non-permanent structures and must not be used for any form of storage;
- A property / unit / delineated area will no longer be eligible if a vacant unit rebate has been provided in the last three consecutive years;
- Storage units, hotels, fuel storage tanks, gravel pits, a business closed due to strike
 or lockout and fixturing period will no longer be eligible; and
- Additional supporting documentation must be received within 30 days from the mailing date of the Notice that is sent for applications with incomplete information or application will be considered void.

FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

The Regional cost of providing the vacant unit rebate is budgeted at \$2.6 million for 2017. Ending the vacant unit rebate through the recommended phase-out would reduce the annual cost beginning with the 2019 budget by approximately \$880,000 and completely remove the cost for the 2021 budget. Re-investment of these savings would be considered through the annual budget process. There will also be cost savings for each local municipality that will be reviewed as part of their annual budget process during the phase-out of the vacant unit rebate.

CONCLUSION

The vacant unit rebate is thought by some to be a deterrent to vibrant communities with the number of buildings left vacant. Eliminating the rebate may encourage more creative ways of filling the vacancies leading to a more vibrant, healthy community. One of the goals of the Region's Strategic Plan is for a community that promotes economic sustainability and future investments in Peel. It is staff's recommendation that the vacant unit rebate program be phased-out at a savings in regional cost of approximately \$2.6 million annually once fully implemented.

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Stephen VanOfwegen, Commissioner of Finance and Chief Financial Officer

Approved for Submission:

Dond Source

D. Szwarc, Chief Administrative Officer

APPENDICES

Appendix I – Jurisdictional Scan of Other Municipal Program Changes Appendix II – Historical Cost of Vacant Unit Rebates

For further information regarding this report, please contact Dave Bingham at extension 4292 or via email at dave.bingham@peelregion.ca.

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Reviewed in workflow by: Financial Support Unit

Municipality	Consultation Process	Changes Proposed and Phase Out	Reviewing	Plan to Re-Invest	Council
	Summary/ Audience	Schedule	Excess / Vacant	Savings	Decision
			Land Sub-class		
			Reductions		
Region of	 Meetings with BIAs and 	4 year phase out program with an	The review is	The Regional cost	
Peel	business representatives	elimination of the program by 2020	focussing on the	budgeted in 2017 is	
	in each local municipality	2017 – current rebate of 30% with	vacant unit	\$2.6 million. Ending	
	Online survey	some eligibility changes	rebate. The	the vacant unit	
		2018 – rebate of 20%, same eligibility	excess / vacant	rebate through the	
		as 2017	land sub-class	recommended	
		2019 – rebate of 10%, same eligibility	reductions may	phase-out would	
		as 2017	be reviewed at a	reduce the annual	
		2020 – rebate of 0%, program ended	later date.	cost beginning with	
				the 2019 budget by	
		Eligibility Changes to be introduced for		approximately	
		2017:		\$880,000 and	
		 An eligible vacant unit must not 		completely remove	
		include any non-permanent		the cost for the	
		structures and must not be used		2021 budget. Re-	
		for any form of storage.		investment of these	
		A property / unit / delineated area		savings would be	
		will not be eligible if a vacancy		considered through	
		rebate has been provided in the		the annual budget	
		last three consecutive years		process.	
		 Storage units, hotels, fuel storage 			
		tanks, gravel pits, a business			
		closed due to strike or lockout			
		and fixturing period will no longer			
		be eligible.			
		 Additional supporting 			
		documentation must be received			
		within 30 days or application will			

Municipality	Consultation Process Summary/ Audience	Changes Proposed and Phase Out Schedule	Reviewing Excess / Vacant Land Sub-class Reductions	Plan to Re-Invest Savings	Council Decision
		be considered void.			
Region of	Regional staff carried out a	For the 2017 tax (application due by Feb. 28,	No	Savings will help to	On April 19, 2017,
Halton	consultation process with the local municipalities and Halton	2018), the existing vacant unit rebate will continue to be available;		support the Regional Official Plan which	Council approved staff's
	Area Municipal Treasurers to			states the Region	recommendations
	review options for the policy	For the 2018 tax (application due by Feb. 28,		consider	
	change.	2019), the rebate rate will be reduced to 15%		intensification and	
	Staff from the Region and the	for commercial and 20% for industrial vacant		development of	
	local municipalities also met	units; and		Intensification Areas	
	with Halton Economic			as the highest priority	
	Development Partnership group	For the 2019 Tax (application due by Feb.		of urban development	
	and BIA representatives.	28, 2020), the rebate will be fully removed.		within the Region and	
				implement programs	
				and incentives,	
				including Community	
				Improvement Plans	
				to promote and	
				support	
				intensification.	
				Savings will also go	
				towards encouraging	
				the Local	
				Municipalities to	
				consider planning	
				approval, financial	
				and other incentives	
				to promote the	

Council																		
Plan to Re-Invest Savings	development of Intensification Areas.	Not yet determined									Eliminating the	programs would save	the Region	approximately \$1.7	million. These funds	may be invested in	either local economic	development
Reviewing Excess / Vacant Land Sub-class Reductions		Conducting a separate analysis									Yes							
Changes Proposed and Phase Out Schedule		Waiting for local consultations to conclude before outlining proposal. Anticipating having changes in place for January 1, 2018.							Anticipating putting a new program in place	by January 1, 2018.	Yet to be determined.							
Consultation Process Summary/ Audience		Conducting consultations with businesses in local municipalities this June.	discussions into two meetings:	municipalities (Newmarket,	Aurora, King, Georgina, East Gwilimbury, Whitchurch-	Stouffville) and one in the	(Vaughan, Richmond Hill,	Markham)	Have not yet determined	approach.	Not engaging with stakeholders	until June. Looking to propose	changes to come into effect	January 1, 2018.		Region discussing proposed	options with local municipal	staff before consulting with the
Municipality		Region of York							Region of	Durham	Region of	Waterloo						

Municipality	Consultation Process Summary/ Audience	Changes Proposed and Phase Out Schedule	Reviewing Excess / Vacant Land Sub-class Reductions	Plan to Re-Invest Savings	Council
	business community.			initiatives or increase contributions to reserve funds.	
City of Toronto	The consultation process comprised of three phases:	January 1- June 30, 2017: Status quo – Commercial at 30%, Industrial at 35%.	Yes	Industrial: tax rate reductions for	Report presented to the Executive
	 meetings with representatives from large commercial and industrial 	July 1, 2017 – June 30, 2018: Reduction in commercial rate from 30% to 15%; industrial		Industrial class in 2018 and 2019	Committee on May 16, 2017.
	property owners, and BIA's;public consultation	stays the same (35%).		Commercial: Reinvestment of	
	sessions open to all interested parties: and	July 1, 2018: Vacancy Rebate program eliminated for both Commercial and		savings in program to provide economic	
	an on-line survey	Industrial.		development in high vacancy areas,	
	Stakeholders were able to	Deferring consideration of changing the		poverty reduction	
	complete the survey between April 11 and April 21. Feedback	Excess Land reduction to the ZU18 budget process. Proceeding with changes to the		initiatives, and budgetary savings.	
	was received from a wide range	vacant rebate for Commercial, may not			
	ot stakeholders ranging from commercial/industrial property	consider changes for moustrial.			
	owners, the business				
	community at large, non-profit				
	organizations, the arts and				
	culture community and city				
	residents.				
	A total of 415 people responded				
	to the survey. A total of 164				
	surveys were completed fully.				

Municipality	Consultation Process Summary/ Audience	Changes Proposed and Phase Out Schedule	Reviewing Excess / Vacant Land Sub-class Reductions	Plan to Re-Invest Savings	Council
City of Hamilton	City staff meeting with BIA's and Chamber of Commerce, soliciting written submissions from the business community and welcomes delegations to their General Issues Committee meeting on June 7th.	Considering a number of options: continue with the current programs; put time limits on the number of years owners are eligible or can apply eliminate the program Final recommendations would affect the 2018 taxes and beyond.	Yes		Final recommendation report to the General Issues Committee on June 7, 2017.
City of Ottawa	 In person consultation sessions with property owners, tax agents, associations, Chamber of Commerce and local Boards of Trade Online survey Telephone conference calls with those who could not make it in person 	Report to the Finance and Economic Development Committee recommend Council approve: 1. That the City of Ottawa's Vacancy Rebate Program (VRP) be phased out over a period of three years as described in this report and such that the rebate amount is reduced to 20% in 2017, reduced to 10% in 2018, and eliminated in 2019. 2. That the City request that the Minister of Finance implement Council's decisions with respect to the Vacancy			On May 2, Committee has recommended a two year phase out by 2018. • A rebate of 15% in 2017 • Rebate eliminated in 2018 On May 10, 2017, Council approved

Municipality	Consultation Process Summary/ Audience	Changes Proposed and Phase Out Schedule	Reviewing Excess / Vacant Land Sub-class Reductions	Plan to Re-Invest Savings	Council
		Rebate Program by provincial Regulation.			the Committee recommendations.
City of Kawartha Lakes	In person consultation meetings with property owners Communications were sent to Chambers of Commerce, Downtown Revitalization Committees and the BIA Ad placed in local newspaper, Facebook page and City's website	 Eligibility criteria to include the following: the vacant building, or portion of, is not less than 1,000 contiguous square feet. the City's Property Standards By-law be adhered to during the period of the vacancy to be eligible for a rebate; an administration fee, be charged for the application; where there was a strike, lockout or other labour disruption that caused the stoppage of the activity that was undertaken at the property during the period of application, the property would not be eligible for a rebate; where there was an order under the City's Property Standards Bylaw or an order by the Chief Building Official against the property for the period of the vacancy, the property would not be eligible for a rebate. Phase out over 3 vears: 			On April 18, 2017, Council adopted eliminating the rebate in 2018 rather than the phase-out recommended by staff.

Municipality	Consultation Process	Changes Proposed and Phase Out	Reviewing	Plan to Re-Invest	Council
-	Summary/ Audience	Schedule	Excess / Vacant Land Sub-class Reductions	Savings	Decision
		2017-30%2018-20%2019-10%2020-0%			
City of Windsor	 Survey to BIA members Open House/ community consultation Considering a focus group with those property owners that have chronic vacancies 	Proposals include: Imposing a phase-out period for the program Imposing a phased reduction in allowable rebate for multi-year applications Refining the eligibility criteria Implementing a self-funding mechanism to limit the cost to other municipal taxpayers Imposing a fee to assist in the cost of administering the program *Changes proposed for Downtown BIA only			On March 6, 2017 Council directed staff to review the program as it relates to the downtown BIA only rather than city-wide Final recommendations to Council in June for July 1, 2017 Provincial deadline
City of Parry Sound	Open houses with the business community and staff directly contacted commercial property owners for comment. Proposed option was also	Staff recommend the elimination of the Vacant Unit Tax Rebate Program.		Elimination of the Vacant Unit Rebate Program would enable the Town to use the money saved, approximately	Staff's recommendations were approved by Council on April18, 2017

Municipality	Consultation Process Summary/ Audience	Changes Proposed and Phase Out Schedule	Reviewing Excess / Vacant Land Sub-class Reductions	Plan to Re-Invest Savings	Council Decision
	brought to the Downtown Steering Committee which is comprised of representatives from the Downtown Business Association and the Chamber of Commerce. Who supported the recommendation.			\$20,000.00, on other projects which would benefit the whole community and not just those property owners who apply for the rebate.	
City of Peterborough	City is holding open houses with the business community to solicit information.	Discussing 4 options with the business community: • Eliminating the rebate program in its entirety beginning in 2018 for the 2017 tax year; • Phasing out the program over a 3 year period; • Status Quo - no changes to the current program; • Revising the current program by considering changes to eligibility requirements.			Final recommendations to Council on June 5, 2017
City of Brantford	Consultation occurring with the business community and direct mailing to all businesses that applied for the rebate in 2016.	To be determined.	Yes		Presentation to the Finance Committee on April 5, 2017. Final report to the in June for

Municipality	Consultation Process Summary/ Audience	Changes Proposed and Phase Out Schedule	Reviewing Excess / Vacant Land Sub-class Reductions	Plan to Re-Invest Savings	Council
					program changes to be submitted to the Province by July 1, 2017.
City of London	Consulting with London Economic Development Corporation, BIA's and Chamber of Commerce. Contacting property owners that received the rebate or sub- class reduction in 2016. Email provided on City website for those wishing to provide comments. Requesting feedback by August	Phase out the current vacancy rebate program and eliminate the subclass tax reductions on vacant commercial and industrial land and excess land either immediately beginning with the calendar year 2018, or over a two-year period beginning in the year 2018 with complete elimination before the 2020 calendar year; it being noted that any timing will be determined after consultation with the business community.	s \		On April 5, 2017, Council adopted in principle the phase out of the vacancy programs with the final recommended approach to be determined following consultation with the business community.

Appendix II

Region of Peel Historical Vacant Unit Rebate

				Mississauga				
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Applications	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#
Received	457	513	551	672	833	797	788	676
Approved	364	499	539	604	807	760	748	650
Rebate Cost	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Education	2,828,732	4,010,962	4,630,744	4,397,839	4,108,638	4,174,901	3,791,220	3,702,466
Local	739,674	1,111,401	1,336,329	1,362,838	1,381,588	1,471,427	1,400,660	1,405,223
Region	1,227,395	1,861,732	2,234,038	2,212,075	2,123,653	2,149,306	1,962,058	1,933,288
BIA	4,555	3,427	3,115	3,469	3,375	6,570	10,069	3,446
Total	4,800,356	6,987,522	8,204,226	7,976,221	7,617,254	7,802,205	7,164,007	7,044,422

				Brampton				
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Applications	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#
Received	318	399	490	451	484	407	565	479
Approved	287	350	351	340	383	325	381	355
Rebate Cost	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Education	798,953	1,218,259	1,229,931	1,309,787	1,398,216	1,388,075	1,250,056	1,188,031
Local	315,321	526,377	560,127	639,827	734,809	776,025	711,982	709,784
Region	336,514	542,138	569,286	635,756	700,525	690,945	623,266	596,891
BIA	5,048	6,416	4,204	3,507	7,786	9,499	8,982	13,250
Total	1,455,835	2,293,190	2,363,549	2,588,876	2,841,335	2,864,544	2,594,286	2,507,956

Caledon											
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016			
Applications	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#			
Received *	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Approved *	-	-	52	45	41	52	45	47			
Rebate Cost	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$			
Education	65,164	156,571	233,532	196,439	261,759	190,303	176,003	190,496			
Local	48,950	134,204	200,174	168,377	101,372	20,272	91,219	87,681			
Region	64,020	156,571	233,532	196,439	101,163	75,754	83,479	76,515			
BIA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Total	178,134	447,346	667,239	561,255	464,294	286,329	350,701	354,693			

Region of Peel												
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016				
Applications	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#				
Received	775	912	1,041	1,123	1,317	1,204	1,353	1,155				
Approved	651	849	942	989	1,231	1,137	1,174	1,052				
Rebate Cost	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$				
Education	3,692,849	5,385,792	6,094,207	5,904,066	5,768,613	5,753,279	5,217,279	5,080,993				
Local	1,103,944	1,771,982	2,096,629	2,171,041	2,217,770	2,267,724	2,203,861	2,202,688				
Region	1,627,929	2,560,440	3,036,856	3,044,270	2,925,340	2,916,005	2,668,803	2,606,694				
BIA	9,603	9,843	7,320	6,976	11,161	16,069	19,050	16,697				
Total	6,434,325	9,728,057	11,235,013	11,126,352	10,922,884	10,953,077	10,108,994	9,907,071				

Note: Annual amounts relate to the previous taxation year (i.e. 2010 cost relates to 2009 taxation)

^{*} Information not available